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The Context of attack on the military-run school in Peshawar, Pakistan

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Pictures of six Taliban who attacked the Peshawar army-run school (Pictures released by Taliban). The mastermind of the attack on the school was Umer Mansoor (with long beard), the Taliban military chief of the Dara Adam Khel tribal area, which is adjacent to Kohat.



Pictures of school Principle's office and room of final gun battle.

As usual, most people and news media in the US and the West are fragmenting, abstracting, and condemning this incident one-sidedly, in isolated form and out of its historical context. Following are some of the relevant points to be included in any credible and truthful politico-economic or ethical conclusions, judgments, or feelings in this matter. Wars, all forms of terrorism, losses of lives, and destructions of the means of living are abhorable anywhere. Author's brother and many relatives live in Peshawar and he is naturally concerned about their safety there. However, it is necessary to place such incidents in their accurate historical, logical, and factual context, and see and analyze them within that developmental process. Only then one can hope to arrive at the objective truth of the matter.

1. It is essential to place and view the phenomenon of state terrorism and terrorism in Pakistan and Afghanistan from the time that it started in the late 1970s during Jimmy Carter's administration and later, in much accelerated form, during Ronald Reagan's administration, who greatly escalated the proxy war and intervention against the socialism-oriented revolutionary government of Afghanistan, with the crucial collaboration of Pakistani government, military, and Inter-Services Intelligence (ISI). The territory of Pakistan was used for massive US-Pakistan terrorism and state terrorism in Afghanistan, creating many Mujahideen groups, including that of Osama bin Laden, which later developed into Al-Qaeda. Saudi Arabia and other oil-rich Middle Eastern countries also collaborated with the US-Pakistan state terrorism in Afghanistan. Pakistan also became the center of the largest CIA operations during that time. In face of such massive US-Pakistan state terrorism, the government of Afghanistan

requested Soviet Union for military counter-intervention. Soviets reluctantly agreed to that request and sent large numbers of troops and weapons for that purpose. Zbigniew Brzezinski, the National Security Advisor under Jimmy Carter, later claimed that that was the objective of the plan, hatched under his leadership, in order to trap the Soviets into a Vietnamlike quagmire. After many years of brutal warfare, enormous losses of lives, and devastation of Afghanistan, the Soviet forces withdrew in 1989, as a result of great changes and betrayals during Gorbachev's leadership. The Afghan government was unable to sustain the war effort alone. It tried to make great compromises with the counter-revolutionaries, who wanted nothing short of total victory and overthrow of the government. They were able to achieve their aims and slaughtered the government leaders and other socialists, mercilessly. Dr. Najibullah, the last leader of the revolutionary government, was captured from the UN offices, where he had taken refuge. He was tortured and hanged in public, his corpse hanging there for days. Taliban had been created in the Madrassas of Pakistan, from various Mujahideen groups, with the financial and military support of Pakistani, Saudi, and American governments, militaries, and intelligence services. After vicious and destructive civil war among various Mujahideen groups, they were victorious and formed the new relatively stable government. They were under the illusion that the US and NATO were assisting them for gaining genuine independence and sovereignty. Those illusions were shattered quickly, when Americans started asserting their imperialist ambitions and domination. The simple-minded and straightforward Taliban leaders refused to become puppets and started asserting their independence, in the service of their own national interests and sovereignty. Such conflicts were developing even before 9/11. After 9/11 and invasion of Afghanistan by the US and NATO

militaries, the Taliban went into a strategic retreat, during which they reviewed and reorganized their forces, strategy, and tactics, and remerged as progressively more effective and powerful force against the invaders and their installed puppet government. They successfully created and adapted the querrilla warfare strategy and tactics that were suitable for the geographical, politico-economic, cultural, and religious conditions of Afghanistan. After the invasion, they were betrayed by the Pakistani government and military, which again sold out to the Americans and NATO, once again providing its territory for US-NATO state terrorism in Afghanistan. That is when the anti-government movements started developing in Pakistan, especially in the North West Frontier Province (NWFP) and its tribal areas, which are located on the borders of Afghanistan. People in those areas and the majority in Afghanistan are Pathans (Pakhtuns) and share the same language, culture, and traditions, besides the religion of Islam. They became violently opposed to the collaboration of Pakistani government and military with the invaders. From that opposition, the Tehrik-e-Taliban (TTP) emerged, which consolidated the various anti-government and anti-US-NATO groups within itself. It is important to point out that before the **US-NATO** invasion in 2001, there was no terrorism, state terrorism, or suicide bombings within Pakistan. These all started as a direct result of that invasion and its support by the Pakistani government and military. Even though Pakistan was being used as the center of terrorism and state terrorism in Afghanistan by the US and NATO forces during the 1980s, the Afghan government and its Soviet allies did not attempt to subject Pakistan to such terrorism. This is a very brief review of the long and complex history of the developmental dialectics of terrorism and state terrorism in Afghanistan and Pakistan, in which only the facts that are most relevant to the subject of this

- article have been included, as briefly as possible, because these are essential to understanding the current situation in both countries.
- 2. Yes, it is very sad that so many young people were killed in the attack. Contrary to news media characterization, not all of them were children. Numerous were teenagers and many were teachers and other employees. According to a prominent Taliban leader, Mohammad Khurasani, the attackers were ordered not to kill the small children. Estimates of those killed vary between 141 and 148, while those of injured between 113 and 122. The ages and genders of those killed and wounded are not known yet. Under the conditions of such attacks, it is very unlikely that the lives of smaller children could be spared, even if the attackers were indeed given such orders and even if they tried to do that. However, numerous times more children, teenagers, and adults have been slaughtered in North Waziristan and other tribal areas since June 15, 2014, by the Pakistani military operation (named Zarb-e-Azb) and US drone attacks, and one million, including hundreds of thousands of children, turned into Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), forced to live in horrible conditions and deprivations, away from their homes, lands, and businesses, innumerable of which have been destroyed by the aerial bombardments and shellings. It is self-evident that such massive aerial bombings, artillery shellings, helicopter gunship firings, and other high-tech weapons-most of them provided by the US-that the Pakistani military forces are using against the inhabitants of tribal areas, kill massively and indiscriminately, regardless of ages or genders. News media are not allowed any access to those areas and everything is being done in secrecy. Only the information provided by the military is being published nationally and internationally, which is self-evidently false and grotesque. For example, they invariably claim to have

killed only the militants or suspected militants by the aerial bombardments or helicopter gunship firings, without offering any evidence in support of their claims. Some eyewitness accounts that expose those lies are being censored and remain unpublished, with the exception of a few very small web sites. Such massive and indiscriminate attacks by the Pakistani military forces against a part of their own population are causing incomparably more multidimensional damages than the American drone attacks, with which these are being coordinated.

3. The military-run attacked school is an elitist school, in which offspring of the military officers, government officials and bureaucrats, upper classes and other well-off civilians is enrolled. Such elitist schools prepare the next generation of military and civil officers and leaders, reproducing it in the image of the previous generation. Their uniforms, manners, mass psychology, and behavior are produced as imitations of the West. As far as the uniforms are concerned, the young students are wearing neckties, an extreme anomaly and deviation from the traditional Pakistani dresses and uniforms. Such methods are used to create class differences in the psychology and behavior of students. These army-run schools seem to be modeled after the Pakistan Military Academy, where British and American training methods and English language are used that create officers who have much in common with the West and little with the Pakistani masses and culture. Most of them consider and use that as a higher social status. All this is a continuation of the culture of colonial period and inferiority complexes, generated by that, long after the formal independence achieved in 1947 from the British Empire.

Jihad Yar Wazir, a TTP commander, had this to say when contacted by a reporter, Sami Yousafzai, on the cell

phone, "The parents of the army school are army soldiers and they are behind the massive killing of our kids and indiscriminate bombing in North and South Waziristan," which are the TTP strongholds. "To hurt them at their safe haven and homes—such an attack is perfect revenge."

But the children are innocents, I said. What about them, I asked?

"To hurt them at their safe haven and homes—such an attack is perfect revenge."

"What about *our* kids and children," he said. "These are the kids of the U.S.-backed Pakistani army and they should stop their parents from bombing our families and children." Jihad Yar Wazir went on: "Those kids are innocent because they are wearing a suit and tie and Western shirts? But our kids wearing Islamic shalwar kamiz do not come before the eyes of the media and the West." (

http://www.thedailybeast.com/articles/2014/12/16/pakistani-taliban-massacre-more-than-80-schoolchildren.html ).

- 4. Before this operation, other large scale military operations were launched in Swat, some adjoining areas, and South Waziristan, causing immense losses of lives, livelihoods, and properties and creating more than two million IDPs.
- 5. All these operations have been launched on the persistent insistence, pressures, and briberies of USA and NATO militaries and governments. The hoax of Malala was also created and used for this purpose, in order to trap the Taliban into attacking her and demonizing them.
- 6. The inhabitants of Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa Province, of which Peshawar is the Capital, are Pathans, and so are the people who live in the tribal areas (Federally Administered Tribal Areas or FATA). Pathans in general, and FATA Pathans in particular, have

strong traditions of seeking justice through individual or collective actions and revenge. It was no less horrible for parents to lose their children, husbands to lose their wives, wives to lose their husbands, and offspring to lose their parents by the brutal high-tech military attacks on their homes and villages by the Pakistani military forces and American drone attacks. If anything, it was much worse and much more barbaric, both in its nature and magnitude. And yet, one does not hear a chirp from the American and European news and other media (including the liberal and much of the left media), politicians, academics, and the so-called celebrities about these, who miss no opportunity to condemn any reactions by the Taliban and their allies, to such actions, in the strongest possible language and coverage.

- 7. The anti-government militant movement or the Taliban in Pakistan are not a homogeneous organization with central command and control. There are numerous groupings that are operating relatively independently, some totally independently. Their methods and guerilla warfare strategy and tactics are also variable. The attack on the school in Peshawar is being attributed to the anti-government Islamist fighters in the Khyber area of FATA, which has been, and continues to be, subjected to heavy aerial bombardments and other military operations.
- 8. Tehrik-e-Taliban of Pakistan, the TTP, had agreed to talks with the government for a ceasefire and establishment of peace. However, under US and NATO influences and pressures, the powerful military establishment was against such negotiations, right from the beginning. The government itself was also cynical and hypocritical during the process of negotiations, demanding one-sided ceasefire from the TTP. Eventually a full scale military operation, long demanded by

the US and NATO, was launched in June 2014. Ultimately, it is the US and NATO that are responsible for these actions and reactions and all the devastations and bloodshed that are resulting and developing. However, the Pakistani military and government are much more responsible for all this, as they could have made different choices and decisions, instead of such astounding destructive and and self-destructive slavery to the Americans and NATO.

- 9. As demonstrated throughout history, small scale terrorism, on part of individuals, populations, or organizations that are subjected to various forms of injustices and brutalities, in various nations, is frequently a reaction to large scale and massive state terrorism. What is happening in Pakistan is certainly one of those cases.
- 10. This essay is focused on the objective understanding of the causes of what happened and why a faction of the TTP did what it did. The author is against all types of unjust and unjustifiable violence. When such violence is practiced, it is totally predictable in almost all such cases that it will produce violent reactions from the victims, if they are capable to do so.

## **Tags**

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